

A Bill to Increase Internet Accessibility and Fairness

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Cities, towns and other municipalities in the states must have at least
3 three internet service providers in an area, and at least one must not be
4 subordinate to any existing providers in the area.

5 A. Any prospective internet service provider wanting to use existing
6 infrastructure to set up internet service shall be unconditionally
7 allowed to do so.

8 B. The federal government shall subsidize development costs for any
9 company wanting to establish internet service in an area.

10 **SECTION 2.** “Internet service provider” shall be defined as a company, private or
11 public, that provides internet to residents of a given town or municipality.
12 “Subordinate” shall be defined as being a subsidiary of, or being owned
13 by an existing provider.

14 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Communications Commission, the Federal Trade
15 Commission, and the Department of Justice shall be responsible for
16 enforcing this legislation.

17 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall go into effect on June 5, 2021.

18 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Union Catholic High School

A Bill to Eliminate Illegal International Wildlife Trade to Prevent Future Pandemics and Protect Wildlife

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The U.S. shall levy economic sanctions on any nations that it deems to be
3 sponsors of the illegal international wildlife trade in order to eliminate
4 the trade to prevent and protect wildlife. The U.S. will also assemble a
5 committee of wildlife trafficking and trade experts that will answer
6 directly to Congress. This committee will determine which countries
7 should be deemed sponsors of this trade, and those countries that need
8 economic assistance for regulation as opposed to sanctions.

9 **SECTION 2.** The illegal international wildlife trade shall be defined as the illegal
10 breeding, holding, poaching, selling and consumption of animals and
11 animal parts listed under CITES(Convention on International Trade in
12 Endangered Species). Sponsors of the illegal international wildlife trade
13 or have been noticeably lax in their enforcement against this trade.

14 **SECTION 3.** This bill will be overseen by the Department of Commerce and the U.S.
15 Fish and Wildlife Service

16 A. The Department of Commerce will be responsible for levying these
17 sanctions.

18 B. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service will be responsible for assembling this
19 committee on illegal international wildlife trade

20 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on December 11th 2020. All laws in conflict
21 with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rep. Bharat Sanka.

A Resolution to Create Three-Digit Emergency Phone Numbers

- WHEREAS,** 911 is one of the most commonly recognized phone numbers globally and has been used widely to get emergency help to those who need it; and
- WHEREAS,** Mobile phones are becoming more widely used than ever, connecting millions across the U.S. daily; and
- WHEREAS,** Other essential hotlines could greatly benefit from the connection and recognition a three-digit phone number could provide; and
- WHEREAS,** The national hotlines for domestic abuse, poison control, crisis / suicide, and other organizations would all benefit from having an easily recognizable three-digit phone number; now, therefore it be
- RESOLVED,** By the Congress here assembled that the United States creates a commission to determine essential hotlines and assign them a series of three-digits to be their new phone numbers.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by East Ridge High School.

A Bill to Require Visa Applicants to Disclose Social Media Accounts

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The United States shall require all applicants for a U.S.

Visa, both nonimmigrant and immigrant, to disclose their social media accounts to the U.S. Department of Immigration.

SECTION 2. “Social media accounts” shall be defined as platforms hosting content posted or viewed by the applicant within the past five (5) years.

SECTION 3. The U.S. Department of State, in conjunction with the Bureau of Consular Affairs, will oversee the enforcement of this legislation.

A. Any social media of a business owned by an applicant must also be disclosed.

B. If any social media has been deleted within the past year, the applicant shall be expected to present a valid explanation for its deletion.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall go into effect 12 months from its passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by East Ridge High School